

User Program and Configuration Management with home-manager

OtaNix  Workshop

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Agenda

1. Introduction and basics
2. Hands-on installation to a VM
 - ❄ Follow along!

A vibrant, futuristic cityscape with advanced architecture, including a prominent tower with a circular observation deck and a large, curved building. The sky is filled with numerous flying cars and drones. The scene is set against a bright, clear sky with some light clouds. The overall aesthetic is clean, modern, and high-tech.

SOCIETY IF

**NIX USERS STOPPED SPENDING ALL
THEIR TIME CONFIGURING THEIR SYSTEM**

What is home-manager (H-M)?

1. A Nix module for managing user applications and services, and their configuration, a.k.a *dotfiles*.
2. A CLI for interacting and invoking the H-M module.

Home-manager's (mostly a reiteration of Nix's) philosophy:

- ❄ Reproducibility: building a configuration leads to a *unique* outcome.
- ❄ Separation of concerns: enables splitting code into modules and files.
- ❄ Declarative unified¹ configuration.
- ❄ Cross reference/link configuration options and variables.
 - ❄ Even integrate to the NixOS configuration.
- ❄ As always, everything is just a **symbolic link** to the Nix store.

¹Some H-M modules just provide a `configFile` option, whereas some have more complex settings as well as a `configFile`.

A word of warning

- ❄ Many modules/services are available on both NixOS and H-M which may conflict with each other if enabled and may have incompatible configuration options or varying feature support.

Installation (standalone)

1. Installing nix and git (if not already installed)
2. Starting a shell with `home-manager` CLI
3. Creating a standalone H-M config repository
4. H-M basics and solving the common OpenGL problem
 - ❄ User programs
 - ❄ User services
 - ❄ Window manager
5. Setting up more complicated H-M integration with Firefox, VSCode

Installing Nix

<https://docs.determinate.systems/getting-started/>

```
curl -fsSL https://install.determinate.systems/nix | \  
sh -s -- install --determinate
```

Creating a standalone H-M config repository

```
git init ~/dotfiles
nix run home-manager/release-24.11 -- init ~/dotfiles
# Note: home-manager/master is the latest unstable version of H-M
cd ~/dotfiles
git add . # Required because flakes ignore files outside of git
nix run home-manager/release-24.11 -- switch --flake ~/dotfiles
```


Expected outcomes:

- * (The news are shown)
- * You have the `home-manager` program available
- * `dotfiles` repository contains the following files
 - * `dotfiles`
 - | `.git/`
 - | `flake.nix`
 - | `flake.lock`
 - | `home.nix`

Decrypting the Default Configuration

The default `flake.nix` is as follows and is all set to start using H-M so you **don't need to understand** any of it right now:

```
{
  description = "H-M configuration of otanix";

  inputs = {
    # Specify the source of H-M and Nixpkgs.
    nixpkgs.url = "github:nixos/nixpkgs/nixos-
unstable";
    home-manager = {
      url = "github:nix-community/home-manager";
      inputs.nixpkgs.follows = "nixpkgs";
    };
  };
};
```

```
outputs = { nixpkgs, home-manager, ... }:
  let
    system = "x86_64-linux";
    pkgs = nixpkgs.legacyPackages.${system};
  in {
    homeConfigurations."otanix" =
      home-manager.lib
        .homeManagerConfiguration {
          inherit pkgs;

          # Specify your home configuration
          # modules here, for example,
          # the path to your home.nix.
          modules = [ ./home.nix ];

          # Optionally use extraSpecialArgs
          # to pass through arguments to home.nix
        };
  };
};
```

Decrypting home.nix

This is more relevant for day-to-day configuration of H-M.

```
{pkgs, ...}:  
  
let  
  # Personal Info  
  name = "Matti Meikäläinen";  
  email = "matti.meikalainen@iki.fi";  
  username = "leet-matti";  
  githubUsername = "MattimusUltimatus";  
  
  homeDir = "/home/${username}"  
in {
```

```
  programs = {  
    home-manager.enable = true;  
    git = {  
      enable = true;  
      userName = "${name}";  
      userEmail = "${email}";  
    }  
    fish = {  
      enable = true;  
      shellAbbrs = {  
        "l" = "ls -arthl";  
      }  
    }  
  }  
}
```

How to Install Programs

Under the `programs` attribute set, you can add programs and configure them. I want to have Firefox so let's add it.

```
programs = {  
    firefox = {  
        enable = true;  
    }  
}
```

Rebuilding the Configuration

1. Make changes to the configuration
2. Git add them
3. Run

```
home-manager switch --flake ~/dotfiles
```

4. If there's an error
 - * Then: decrypt the error message
 - * Else: test out the changes
5. Go back to step 1.

H-M Commands

Some of the useful commands provided by `home-manager --help`:

Commands

<code>option</code>	<code>OPTION.NAME</code>	Inspect configuration option named <code>OPTION.NAME</code> .
<code>build</code>		Build configuration into result directory
<code>switch</code>		Build and activate configuration
<code>generations</code>		List all home environment generations
<code>packages</code>		List all packages installed in <code>home-manager-path</code>
<code>uninstall</code>		Remove Home Manager

Resources

Here are some useful resources for finding H-M

- ❄ <https://nix-community.github.io/home-manager/index.xhtmll#sec-flakes-standalone>
- ❄ <https://home-manager-options.extranix.com/>